A-Planning **NATO** Units

Are Approved By Don Cook

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PARIS, Nov. 27 — Defense ministers of 10 of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization nations reached rapid agreement today on the establishment of new nuclear planning and consultation machinery within the Alliance.

Defense Secretary Robert S. McNamara opened the oneday meeting with a rather awesome report, saying that the United States now possesses over 5000 strategic nuclear warheads and maintains in excess of yet another 5000 tactical warheads in depots in Western Europe. The latter are tactical A-bombs, warheads for short-range missiles, nuclear artillery rounds, dem-

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olition charges and anti-airrraft or antimissile warheads.

This stockpile in Europe, he added, will be increased by another 20 per cent in the next six months.

After this review, the ten ministers — with France notably absent-got down to cases on the problem of improving consultations within NATO on the employment of nuclear power. Several participants called the encounter "very parmonious" and "exceeding expectations."

The ten countries, acting as special committee within the Illiance — with membership pen to any NATO country. et up three special working roups to deal with nuclear lanning, data exchange and ntelligence, and problems of ommunication and consultaion in a nuclear emergency.

Each committee has a mempership of five, with the Jnited States and Britainhe two nuclear powers—sit-ing on all three. The nuclear planning committee is the nost important of the three. ts membership includes West dermany, Italy and Turkey. Thus, Germany gains a certain pecial status with the nuclear nner circle in Europe.

Other members of the data exchange and intelligence group are Canada, the Netherlands and Denmark. The communication group will include Canada, Belgium and Greece. The full committee of 10 will act as an over-all coordinating body.

In effect, special NATO nuclear machinery is being created in the Alliance without France, alongside the regular military structure that consists of the 14-nation military staff committee in Washington Manlio Brosio, who presided an dthe military group of at today's meeting, is to make Britain, France and the United a formal report on the forma-States, which also is located tion of the new groups when in Washington. Norway, Lux- the full NATO foreign and deembourg, Portugal and Ice-fense ministers meeting is land are not now on the held in Paris in two weeks.

NATO sources say that the NATO Secretary General French, while disapproving

> the whole idea of special nuclear consultations, accepted the formation of the committee. However, the French are saying that the new machinery cannot be established without unanimity, and that they have a right to veto the new setup in the full Council.

In the meantime, plans for nuclear weapons-sharing, such as the U.S. multilateral nuclear force or the British allied nuclear force, were scarcely mentioned at today's meeting.